

An eclectic forum for dispersing practical information about planting and growing native plants.

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# PUBLISHING

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As has become my custom, I thank everyone who contributed to *Native Plants Journal* this past year by providing reviews of manuscripts or books. It seems that referees are asked to review papers at an ever-increasing rate, which makes their service to NPJ even more remarkable and appreciated. It's mostly a thankless job—today though, *thank you* Robert Antibus, Jay F Bolin, Cheryl Boyer, Robert Brzuszek, James Chamberlain, Janet Cole, Michelle Cram, Roseann Densmore, Tracy Dougher, Kern Ewing, Matthew W Fidelibus, William E Fox III, Jason Goldman, Janet Grabowski, Robert Grese, Marshall Haferkamp, Sarah Hamman, Patricia Holloway, Nate W Hough-Snee, Robert L James, Paul G Jefferson, Randy Johnson, Thomas A Jones, Stanley Kitchen, Elizabeth Leger, Stephen Love, Linda R McMahan, Susan E Meyer, Jeffrey G Norcini, Burton K Pendleton, Hector Perez, RN Reese, Iain Robertson, Larry A Rupp, Paul Scowcroft, Jyotsna Sharma, Mack Thetford, Robert Tripepi, Jeff Walck, Kristen Waring, and Amy Wright.

I also extend a most sincere thank you to my associate and book review editors: Diane Haase, Rick Hammer, James P Muir, Rosemary L Pendleton, Deborah L Rogers, Nancy L Shaw, Daniela J Shebitz, Steven E Smith, and Sandra B Wilson. And, finally, thank you to Candace J Akins for all that you do behind the scenes to ensure each issue of NPJ is of the highest quality.

This issue, as usual, contains an esoteric mix of articles spanning the continent, including propagation of bigtooth maple in the Pacific Northwest US, huckleberries in British Columbia, California fan palms, and blackbrush in the desert southwest US. We also feature an article about establishment of bristly locust in the Midwestern US for agroforestry, the natural history and status of a rare Texas orchid, and information about restoring bog pools in eastern Canada. And, even if your region wasn't covered by one of these articles, the review on the USDA's revised Forest Nursery Pests handbook should be of interest.

I hope you enjoy this issue. I can still use more content, particularly from practitioners in the field. And, as always, thank you for subscribing to NPJ.

# **R Kasten Dumroese**



**On the cover:** Seed heads of snow buckwheat (*Eriogonum niveum* Douglas ex Benth. [Polygonaceae]) in a seed production area of BFI Native Seeds in Moses Lake, Washington. Photo by Kelsey Loeffler

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Have a great idea for an article but don't have time or need help writing? Please e-mail. We can help.

## Two types of manuscripts are welcome:

General technical articles are not research per se (lack strict experimental design and statistical analysis), but have important information for growers and planters of North American native plants. Articles could include new planting techniques, useful equipment, cultural techniques, habitat restoration, restoration techniques, production trends, technical information, descriptions of new species or cultivars entering nursery production, and so on. Propagation protocols are short, concise general articles detailing the specific methods used to propagate a particular plant. Germplasm releases are short articles that follow a standard format (see past issues) and announce the release of new plant materials for conservation use.

Refereed research articles (and scientific reviews or commentary) must have sound application of scientific method, appropriate statistical analysis, and state how the research is important to growers and planters of North American native plants. Accepted papers will be published with a "Refereed Research Article" designation.

All submitted manuscripts will be peer-reviewed by 2 referees to ensure the objective of *Native Plants Journal* is met.

### MANUSCRIPT PREPARATION

Include a cover letter indicating what type of manuscript is being submitted (refereed or general). Refrain from special formatting. Use of active voice is encouraged. All text except tables and figure captions should be double-spaced. The first page should have title and author information (include full names of authors, their professional titles and affiliations, mailing and electronic addresses, and specify corresponding author to whom all pre-publishing correspondence should be sent).

The second page should contain the title, abstract, and key words. Abstracts should be double-spaced and brief and emphasize results, usefulness, and practicality to growers and planters of North American (Canada, Mexico, and US) native plants. Authors are strongly encouraged to make the first sentence of their abstract describe the most important finding of their work. Include 3 to 7 key words not in the title. Use the PLANTS database as the source for nomenclature (see below). Print an abbreviated title and page number in the upper right corner of this and all subsequent pages. Use line numbering. Construct tables using the table feature of word processing programs.

Follow the second page with the "Introduction, Materials and Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusion, References," or some other logical system as headings, followed by figure captions

and tables. For matters of style, we generally follow Scientific Style and Format, The Council of Biology Editors Manual for Authors, Editors, and Publishers, 6th edition (ISBN 0-521-47154-0).

Use metric (SI) units with US units in parentheses and abbreviate all units, except those without numerical value (for example, "we measured parts per million and found 250 ppm nitrogen"). Use numerals for any countable amount (for example, 3 replicates, 2 populations).

### REFERENCES

In the text, please list citations by date, and then alphabetically by author (for example, Smith 1986, 1997; Jones and Smith 1992; Smith and Jones 1992; Doe and others 1998). In the references section, list references alphabetically by author(s) and please do not abbreviate the name of the referenced journal. Examples:

Journal article: Arnold MA, Struve DK. 1989. Growing green ash and red oak in CuCO<sub>3</sub>-treated containers increases root regeneration and shoot growth following transplant. Journal of the American Society for Horticultural Science 114:402–406.

Entire book: Davidson H, Mecklenburg R. 1981. Nursery management: administration and culture. 2nd ed. Englewood Cliffs (NJ): Prentice-Hall Inc. 450 p.

Article in proceedings: Dumroese RK, Wenny DL. 1997. Fertilizer regimes for container-grown conifers of the Intermountain West. In: Haase DL, Rose R, coordinators and editors. Symposium proceedings, forest seedling nutrition from the nursery to the field; 1997 Oct 28–29; Corvallis, OR. Corvallis (OR): Oregon State University Nursery Technology Cooperative. p 17–26.

Internet source: [USDA NRCS] USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2011. The PLANTS database. URL: http://plants.usda.gov (accessed 20 Jan 2011). Greensboro (NC): National Plant Data Team.

Government article: Barnett JP, Brissette JC. 1986. Producing southern pine seedlings in containers. New Orleans (LA): USDA Forest Service, Southern Forest Experiment Station. General Technical Report SO-59. 71 p.

Thesis or dissertation: Wang Z. 1990. Effects of cupric carbonate on container-grown seedlings of ponderosa pine during greenhouse production [MSc thesis]. Moscow (ID): University of Idaho. 67 p.

Personal communication: Hoss GA. 2002. Personal communication. Licking (MO): Missouri Department of Conservation, George O White State Forest Nursery. Nursery Superintendent.

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Use common names with scientific names (including authorities and family names) in parentheses the first time used in the abstract and body of the manuscript (if scientific names with authorities and families are summarized in a table, they need not be repeated in the body of the manuscript). All subsequent use can be either the common or scientific name. Example with common name: whitebark pine (Pinus albicaulis Engelm. [Pinaceae]). Example without common name: Phacelia rattanii Gray. (Hydrophyllaceae). The standard source of plant nomenclature is the PLANTS database (http://plants.usda.gov). Authors may use common names found in PLANTS or the local vernacular. Other nomenclature sources may be used only if justified. The nomenclature source should be included in the refer-

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### Contact the Editor:

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Before accepted manuscripts can be published, authors must complete a consent to publish form.

Photo credits opposite page: (top) streambank wild hollyhock (*Iliamna rivularis* (Douglas ex Hook.) Greene [Malvaceae]) flowering on a site in northwestern Montana by LK Vance; (*middle*) flattened seed capsules and seeds of streambank wild hollyhock (*Iliamna rivularis* (Douglas ex Hook.) Greene [Malvaceae]) by R Kasten Dumroese; (*bottom*) an oasis with desert fan palms (*Washingtonia filifera* (Linden ex André) H. Wendl. [Arecaceae]) by Tara Luna.







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