NATIVEPLANTS

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includes A GROWTH STAGE AND HEAT-UNIT MODEL



An eclectic forum for dispersing practical information about planting and growing native plants.

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Here in Idaho today it's a sunny, balmy –7 °C (19 °F). Not exactly spring-time weather, and not exactly weather to get me fired up about spring. Fortunately, this issue of *Native Plants Journal*, the first produced by our new partner, University of Wisconsin Press, has some great articles that are changing my mood from blue to green.

I like this issue because it has a little bit of everything from across the entire US. . . . The **refereed research** provides important growth stage information about Hedysarum boreale useful to seed producers, techniques for improved germination of 2 Sphaeralcea species, information about the tolerances of northern prairie species to herbicides, seed transfer guidelines for 3 grass species in northern California, and a review of the prospects for conserving the endangered Chionanthus pygmaeus through propagation. Our general technical articles focus on germination of a Pacific Northwest sedge and the response of bareroot and container longleaf pine seedlings to scalping as a site preparation technique. Our propagation protocol highlights a perennial ground cover, shrub yellowroot (Xanthorhiza simplicissima), a member of the buttercup family. We also have a gadget/gizmo article about building your own "seed smoker" to possibly improve germination of fire-adapted species, a germplasm release for plains lovegrass in Arizona, and the return of book reviews. Rick Hammer has agreed to be book review editor and his efforts are most welcome and appreciated. I hope you find something inside this issue that helps with your efforts to grow native plants.

As always, thank you for your patronage and remember to tell your friends about *Native Plants Journal*.

R Kasten Dumroese



On the cover: Pink form of dutchman's breeches (*Dicentra cucullaria* (L.) Bernh. [Fumariaceae]) blooming in western Massachusetts. Photo by Joseph G Strauch Jr

Have a great idea for an article but don't have time or need help writing? Please e-mail. We can help.

Two types of manuscripts are welcome:

General technical articles are not research per se (lack strict experimental design and statistical analysis), but have important information for growers and planters of North American native plants. Articles could include new planting techniques, useful equipment, cultural techniques, habitat restoration, restoration techniques, production trends, technical information, descriptions of new species or cultivars entering nursery production, and so on. Propagation protocols are short, concise general articles detailing the specific methods used to propagate a particular plant. Germplasm releases are short articles that follow a standard format (see past issues) and announce the release of new plant materials for conservation use.

Refereed research articles (and scientific reviews or commentary) must have sound application of scientific method, appropriate statistical analysis, and state how the research is important to growers and planters of North American native plants. Accepted papers will be published with a "Refereed Research Article" designation.

All submitted manuscripts will be peer-reviewed by 2 referees to ensure the objective of *Native Plants Journal* is met.

MANUSCRIPT PREPARATION

Include a cover letter indicating what type of manuscript is being submitted (refereed or general). Refrain from special formatting. Use of active voice is encouraged. All text except tables and figure captions should be double-spaced. The first page should have title and author information (include full names of authors, their professional titles and affiliations, mailing and electronic addresses, and specify corresponding author to whom all pre-publishing correspondence should be sent).

The second page should contain the title, abstract, and key words. Abstracts should be double-spaced and brief and emphasize results, usefulness, and practicality to growers and planters of North American (Canada, Mexico, and US) native plants. Authors are strongly encouraged to make the first sentence of their abstract describe the most important finding of their work. Include 3 to 7 key words not in the title. Use the PLANTS database as the source for nomenclature (see below). Print an abbreviated title and page number in the upper right corner of this and all subsequent pages. Use line numbering. Construct tables using the table feature of word processing programs.

Follow the second page with the "Introduction, Materials and Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusion, References," or some other logical system as headings, followed by figure captions

and tables. For matters of style, we generally follow Scientific Style and Format, The Council of Biology Editors Manual for Authors, Editors, and Publishers, 6th edition (ISBN 0-521-47154-0).

Use metric (SI) units with US units in parentheses and abbreviate all units, except those without numerical value (for example, "we measured parts per million and found 250 ppm nitrogen"). Use numerals for any countable amount (for example, 3 replicates, 2 populations).

REFERENCES

In the text, please list citations by date, and then alphabetically by author (for example, Smith 1986, 1997; Jones and Smith 1992; Smith and Jones 1992; Doe and others 1998). In the references section, list references alphabetically by author(s) and please do not abbreviate the name of the referenced journal. Examples:

Journal article: Arnold MA, Struve DK. 1989. Growing green ash and red oak in CuCO₃-treated containers increases root regeneration and shoot growth following transplant. Journal of the American Society for Horticultural Science 114:402–406.

Entire book: Davidson H, Mecklenburg R. 1981. Nursery management: administration and culture. 2nd ed. Englewood Cliffs (NJ): Prentice-Hall Inc. 450 p.

Article in proceedings: Dumroese RK, Wenny DL. 1997. Fertilizer regimes for container-grown conifers of the Intermountain West. In: Haase DL, Rose R, coordinators and editors. Symposium proceedings, forest seedling nutrition from the nursery to the field; 1997 Oct 28–29; Corvallis, OR. Corvallis (OR): Oregon State University Nursery Technology Cooperative. p 17–26.

Internet source: [USDA NRCS] USDA Natural Resources Conservation Service. 2004. The PLANTS database, version 3.5. URL: http://plants.usda.gov (accessed 20 Jan 2005). Baton Rouge (LA): National Plant Data Center.

Government article: Barnett JP, Brissette JC. 1986. Producing southern pine seedlings in containers. New Orleans (LA): USDA Forest Service, Southern Forest Experiment Station. General Technical Report SO-59. 71 p.

Thesis or dissertation: Wang Z. 1990. Effects of cupric carbonate on container-grown seedlings of ponderosa pine during greenhouse production [MSc thesis]. Moscow (ID): University of Idaho. 67 p.

Personal communication: Hoss GA. 2002. Personal communication. Licking (MO): Missouri Department of Conservation, George O White State Forest Nursery. Nursery Superintendent.

NOMENCLATURE

Use common names with scientific names (including authorities and family names) in parentheses the first time used in the abstract and body of the manuscript (if scientific names with authorities and families are summarized in a table, they need not be repeated in the body of the manuscript). All subsequent use can be either the common or scientific name. Example with common name: whitebark pine (Pinus albicaulis Engelm. [Pinaceae]). Example without common name: Phacelia rattanii Gray. (Hydrophyllaceae). The standard source of plant nomenclature is the PLANTS database (http://plants.usda.gov). Authors may use common names found in PLANTS or the local vernacular. Other nomenclature sources may be used only if justified. The nomenclature source should be included in the refer-

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Contact the Editor:

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telephone 208.883.2324 kdumroese@fs.fed.us

Before accepted manuscripts can be published, authors must complete a consent to publish form.

Photo credits opposite page: (top)
Sweetvetch (Hedysarum boreale Nutt.
[Fabaceae]) by Michael D Peel; (middle) scarlet globemallow (Sphaeralcea coccinea (Nutt.)
Rydb. [Malvaceae]) by Bruce Dunn; (bottom)
pygmy fringetree (Chionanthus pygmaeus
Small [Oleaceae]) by Amanda L Bayer.

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Bruce Dunn	

Bruce Dunn

Scalping improves early growth of longleaf pine seedlings	
David B South	

Making a smoker to produce cellulose-based smoke
for treating forest tree seeds
Ken Roeder, James West, and Bobby Smith

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Amanda L Bayer and J Ryan Stewart

GERMPLASM RELEASE

Notice of release of Bonita Germplasm plains lovegrass:
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Nursery Manual for Native Plants: A Guide for Tribal Nurseries, Volume One, Nursery Management

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